

MUAMALAT INVEST I-INSTITUTIONAL MONEY MARKET FUND (The "Fund")

ANNUAL (FINAL) REPORT 2025

Incorporating the Audited Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 30 June 2025

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd

REGISTERED OFFICE

30th Floor, Menara Bumiputra, No.21, Jalan Melaka, 50100 Kuala Lumpur

BUSINESS OFFICE AND OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR

4th Floor, Menara Bumiputra, No.21, Jalan Melaka, 50100 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03 – 2615 8175 Fax: 03 – 2070 0157 Email: misb@muamalat.com.my

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Md. Khairuddin bin Hj. Arshad Roshidah binti Abdullah Khairul bin Kamarudin Khadijah Sairah binti Ibrahim (Executive Director)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Khadijah Sairah binti Ibrahim

SHARIAH ADVISER

Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

COMPANY SECRETARY

Daisy anak Francis (LS0010019) (SSM Practicing Certificate No. 202008002477)

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARY

Nur Syafiqah binti Mohamad Fuzi (MACS01923) (SSM Practicing Certificate No. 202308000635)

TRUSTEE

Maybank Trustees Berhad [196301000109 (5004-P)] 8th Floor, Menara Maybank, 100 Jalan Tun Perak 50050 Kuala Lumpur

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT 10th Floor, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat KL Sentral, 50706 Kuala Lumpur

TAX ADVISER

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd 10th Floor, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat KL Sentral, 50706 Kuala Lumpur

FUND INFORMATION

Name of Fund : Muamalat Invest I-Institutional Money Market Fund

Period of Trust : Subject to provisions of the Deed Fund Category : Islamic Money Market Fund

Fund Type : Income

Relevant Benchmark: The 1-month Maybank Islamic Fixed Deposit-i (IFD-i)

Distribution Policy : Subject to the availability of realised income received from the investment, the Fund

will distribute income at least once a month.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, STRATEGY AND POLICY

Investment Objective

The Fund aims to generate regular income* for unitholders.

Note: Income can be distributed either in the form of cash or units.

Investment Policy and Strategy

The investment policy of the Fund is to invest up to 100% of its Net Asset Value (NAV) in liquid and low risk Ringgit denominated Islamic deposits and Islamic money market instruments issued by financial institutions.

The minimum credit rating for financial institutions in relation to Islamic deposits and Islamic money market instruments shall be "A3" by RAM Rating Services Berhad ("RAM") or "A-" by Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad ("MARC") or other equivalent rating by any other similar rating agencies. The minimum credit rating for investments in Islamic money market instruments shall be "P3" by RAM Ratings or "MARC-3" by MARC or other equivalent rating by any other similar rating agencies.

The Islamic money market instruments may include short term Islamic investment accounts; short term Islamic negotiable instruments; short term Islamic repurchase agreement; and short term Islamic commercial papers.

The Fund will be actively managed to provide liquidity to meet any short-term cash flow requirements.

MANAGER'S OVERVIEW

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Report of Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund ("the Fund") incorporating the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

During the financial year under review, the Fund generated a total return of 2.20%* compared to the benchmark return of 2.29%*. Hence, the Fund underperformed the benchmark by -0.09%.

Total distribution of the Fund during the financial year under review amounted to RM85,401. Income was calculated daily and paid at least once a month, depending on the level of income (if any) the Fund generated.

^{*} Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd

MANAGER'S REPORT

Fund Performance Review

During the financial year under review, the Fund generated a total return of 2.20%* compared to the benchmark return of 2.29%*. Hence, the Fund underperformed the benchmark by -0.09%.

For the financial year under review, the Fund has met its investment objective by providing liquidity and regular income for investors through investments primarily in the Islamic money market.

The total units in circulation as at 30 June 2025 are 2,000 and NAV attributable to unitholders is RM1.0000 per unit.

* Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd

Asset Allocation

The Fund's holdings are shown below:-

Asset Class	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	-	98.92%
Liquid assets and other net current assets	100.00%	1.08%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

The asset allocation reflects the Fund's strategy to have maximum exposure to the investments.

Strategies and Policies

This Fund aims to provide investors with a regular income stream and high level of liquidity to meet cash flow requirements while maintaining capital preservation.

For the financial year under review as at end of June 2025, the Fund had underperformed its benchmark by approximately 9 basis points. The Fund is fully invested in short-term Islamic money market. The Fund also had fulfilled its objective in providing steady income and capital preservation.

The strategy adopted by the Fund for the financial year under review is in line with the investment strategy of the Fund.

Market Review

For the period under review, the Money Market rates for overnight were offered at 2.95% per annum whereas the 1-month rates were offered within 3.75% per annum. The 3-month to 6-month rates were offered at 3.80% - 3.85% per annum. The 12-month rate was offered at 3.95% per annum.

Market Outlook

The first half of 2025 presented a volatile yet resilient global financial landscape, with equity markets navigating significant challenges from trade policy shifts while fixed income markets stabilized amid moderating inflation.

US equities experienced a turbulent start to 2025, driven by tariff-related uncertainties following the reintroduction of President Trump's "America First" trade policies. The S&P 500, after hitting a record high in February, plummeted 18% by April, narrowly avoiding bear market territory, before rebounding to close at approximately 6,205 by June, posting a 6.2% gain for the half-year. The Nasdaq

Composite, heavily weighted toward technology, saw a sharper correction, dropping 18% from its peak but recovering to a modest 0.9% gain, fueled by AI-driven stocks like Nvidia (+10.2% in Q2). The Dow Jones Industrial Average lagged, declining 2.5% in Q1 due to tariff-sensitive industrials, though it stabilized by June. Small-cap stocks (Russell 2000: -4.3% YTD) underperformed, reflecting caution toward domestic-focused firms. The recovery was supported by lower-than-expected tariff impacts and strong corporate earnings, with S&P 500 EPS growth projected at 7% for 2025.

Asian equity markets displayed varied performances amid global trade tensions. The MSCI Asia ex Japan Index fell 3.4% in Q1 but rebounded with a 6.0% gain in Q2, driven by a 11.76% rally in Chinese equities in April, spurred by policy support for private enterprises. Taiwan (+4.4%) and Korea (+17.6%) led regional gains, capitalizing on global tech demand, while Japan's Nikkei rose 5.6%. In ASEAN, Malaysia's FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI (FBMKLCI) posted a modest 0.8% gain, underperforming the MSCI Asia ex Japan (+1.4% Q2), as resource stocks (-6.2%) offset gains in financials (+1.2%) and technology (+3.8%). The FBM Emas Shariah Index outperformed with a 2.3% gain, reflecting investor preference for Shariah-compliant equities. Vietnam's market slowed to a 3.5% gain, impacted by weaker export demand. Malaysia's market resilience was supported by domestic policy reforms and attractive valuations.

Fixed income markets regained footing after Q1 volatility. The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index rose 1.6% in Q2, with US 10-year Treasury yields falling to 4.2% by June from a Q1 peak of 4.67%, reflecting expectations of two Federal Reserve rate cuts by year-end. Malaysia's 10-year government securities yield stabilized at 3.85%, as Bank Negara Malaysia maintained its 3.00% policy rate amid stable inflation below 2%. The Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index gained 1.8%, with investors favoring short-duration bonds to navigate potential yield curve shifts.

Global GDP growth slowed to 3.0% (IMF estimate), with the US economy contracting by 0.5% in Q1 due to import surges ahead of tariffs, though Q2 showed modest recovery. Malaysia's economy expanded by 4.4% in H1 2025, driven by robust private consumption (RM263.18 billion in Q2) and gross fixed capital formation (RM97.67 billion), supported by infrastructure investments and export recovery. US inflation eased to 2.2% (core PCE), while Malaysia's inflation remained at 1.5%, allowing Bank Negara to hold rates steady. Geopolitical risks and trade uncertainties, including US tariffs of 10–25%, posed challenges, though negotiations mitigated some impacts.

Equities face a cautiously optimistic outlook, with technology and consumer sectors offering growth potential, though tariff and geopolitical risks persist. Gold's safe-haven appeal is likely to endure, while fixed income markets may benefit from expected rate cuts. Malaysia's market should remain resilient, supported by domestic demand and policy reforms, but export-oriented sectors face headwinds. Investors should diversify across equities, gold, and high-quality bonds, closely monitoring trade negotiations and central bank policies.

(Source: MARC, Bank Negara Malaysia)

PORTFOLIO STRUCTURE

As at 30 June 2025, 100% of the Fund are in liquid assets and other net current assets.

The Fund's asset allocations are shown below:-

Asset Class	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	-	98.92%
Liquid assets and other net current assets	100.00%	1.08%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

The asset allocation reflects the Fund's strategy to have maximum exposure to the investments.

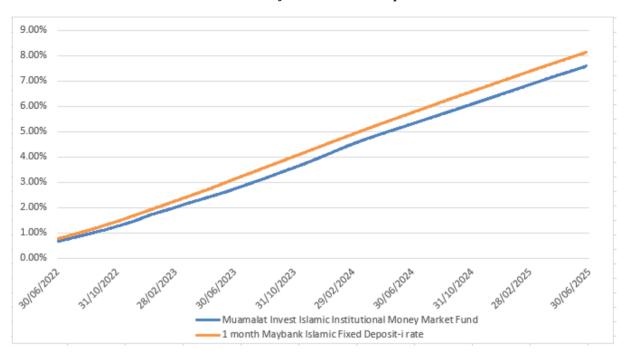
PERFORMANCE OF FUND AND BENCHMARK

	Average Annual Return (Date of Termination)				
	Since Inception 1 Year 3 Year (12.10.2020^- (01.07.2024- (01.07.20 30.06.2025) 30.06.2025) 30.06.2025				
Muamalat Invest i-Institutional					
Money Market Fund					
- Capital Return	-	-	-		
- Income Return	2.03%	2.20%	2.25%		
Total Return	2.03%	2.20%	2.25%		
Maybank 1-month IFD-i Rate	2.07%	2.29%	2.39%		

Total Return (Date of Termination)								
	2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 (12.10.2020^- (01.07.2021- (01.07.2022- (01.07.2023- (01.07.2024- 30.06.2021) 30.06.2022) 30.06.2023) 30.06.2024) 30.06.2025)							
Muamalat Invest i- Institutional Money Market Fund	1.28%	1.57%	2.06%	2.90%	2.20%			
Maybank 1- month IFD-i Rate	1.07%	1.53%	2.34%	2.53%	2.29%			

[^] Date of inception

Cumulative Performance Since Inception



^{*} Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd ("Novagni")

The abovementioned performance figures are indicative returns based on daily Net Asset Value of a unit (as per Novagni Database) since inception.

The calculation of the above returns is based on computation methods of Novagni.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

The abovementioned performance computations have been adjusted to reflect distribution payments and unit splits wherever applicable.

As At 30 June								
Fund Size	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021			
Net Asset	2,000	1,796,543	17,569,205	15,081,775	1,897,481,951			
Units In Circulation*	2,000	1,796,543	17,569,205	15,081,775	1,897,481,95			
Net Asset Value per unit (RM)*	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000			

	Financial Year / Period Ended 30 June						
Historical Data	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021		
Unit Prices							
NAV Price - Highest (RM)*	1.0000	1.000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
- Lowest (RM)*	1.0000	1.000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
Distribution and Unit Split							
Gross Distribution Per Unit	0.2605	0.2628	0.1701	0.1470	0.0762		
Net Distribution Per Unit	0.1964	0.1981	0.1279	0.1470	0.0762		
Distribution Date	31-7-2024	31-7-2023	29-7-2022	29-7-2021	28-10-2020		
NAV before distribution	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
Gross Distribution Per Unit	0.2378	0.2569	0.2003	0.1434	0.1365		
Net Distribution Per Unit	0.1794	0.1938	0.1507	0.1434	0.1365		
Distribution Date	30-8-2024	30-8-2023	30-8-2022	27-8-2021	27-11-2020		
NAV before distribution	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
Gross Distribution Per Unit	0.2461	0.2718	0.2014	0.1596	0.1572		
Net Distribution Per Unit	0.1855	0.2052	0.1516	0.1596	0.1572		
Distribution Date	30-9-2024	29-9-2023	30-9-2022	29-9-2021	30-12-2020		
NAV before distribution	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
Gross Distribution Per Unit	0.2391	0.2882	0.2257	0.1398	0.1438		
Net Distribution Per Unit	0.1803	0.2173	0.1700	0.1398	0.1438		
Distribution Date	30-10-2024	31-10-	31-10-	28-10-2021	27-1-2021		
NAV before distribution	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
Gross Distribution Per Unit	0.2403	0.2802	0.2296	0.1535	0.1442		
Net Distribution Per Unit	0.1812	0.2108	0.1731	0.1535	0.1442		
Distribution Date	29-11-2024	30-11-	30-11-	29-11-2021	25-2-2021		
NAV before distribution	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		

* The figures quoted are ex-distribution

		Financial Year / Period Ended 30 June			
Historical Data	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Distribution and Unit Split					
Gross Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.2575	0.2854	0.2782	0.1513	0.1650
Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1941	0.2155	0.2100	0.1513	0.1650
Distribution Date	31-12-2024	29-12-2023	30-12-2022	31-12-2021	30-3-2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Cusas Distribution Dan Huit (san)	0.2469	0.3370	0.2542	0.1417	0.1449
Gross Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1862	0.3370	0.2342	0.1417	0.1449
Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)					
Distribution Date	31-1-2025	31-1-2024	31-1-2023	31-1-2022	28-4-2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Gross Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.2252	0.2871	0.2147	0.1310	0.1477
Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1698	0.2168	0.1618	0.0982	0.1477
Distribution Date	28-2-2025	29-2-2024	28-2-2023	28-2-2022	28-5-202
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Gross Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.2252	0.2552	0.2463	0.1470	0.1561
Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1698	0.1926	0.1857	0.1102	0.1561
Distribution Date	28-3-2025	29-3-2024	31-3-2023	31-3-2022	29-6-2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
iva v arter distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Gross Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.2572	0.2629	0.2072	0.1405	-
Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1939	0.1983	0.1561	0.1054	-
Distribution Date	30-4-2025	30-4-2024	28-4-2023	29-4-2022	-
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	-
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	-
Gross Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.2252	0.2419	0.2561	0.1620	
Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.2232	0.2419	0.2301	0.1020	
Distribution Date	30-5-2025	31-5-2024	31-5-2023	31-5-2022	<u> </u>
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	<u> </u>
()					
Gross Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1893	0.2204	0.2491	0.1645	-
Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1427	0.1661	0.1879	0.1236	-
Distribution Date	30-6-2025	28-6-2024	30-6-2023	30-6-2022	-
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	-
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	-
Unit Split		-	-	-	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		†		1	

	Financial Year / Period Ended 30 June					
Historical Data	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	
Others						
Total Expense Ratio (TER) (%) #	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.06	
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) (times) ##	79.85	29.70	51.87	25.57	15.15	

[#] The TER for the financial year was marginally higher compared with previous financial year due to lower expenses and lower average net asset value for the financial year under review.

DISTRIBUTION

For the financial year under review, the Fund has declared a total net distribution of 2.1490 sen per unit.

FUND SIZE AND PROFILE OF UNIT HOLDINGS BY SIZE

As at 30 June 2025, the Fund's units in circulation stood at 2,000 units with 1 account only.

	Account Holders		No. Of Un	its Held	
Size of Holdings	No.	%	Units	%	
5,000 and below	1	100.00	2,000	100.00	
5,001 to 10,000	-	-	-	-	
10,001 to 50,000	-	-	-	-	
50,001 to 500,000	-	-	-	-	
500,001 and above	-	-	-	-	
Total	1	100.00	2,000	100.00	

REBATES AND SOFT COMMISSION

Dealings on investments of the Fund through brokers or dealers will be on terms which are best available for the Fund. Any rebates from brokers or dealers will be directed to the account of the Fund.

The Fund Manager may only receive soft commission in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision-making process relating to the Fund's investments.

During the financial year under review, no soft commission was received from brokers/dealers.

^{##} The PTR for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 was higher compared with previous financial period ended 30 June 2024 due to lower turnover and lower average net asset value for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025 (DATE OF TERMINATION)

	<u>Note</u>	30.06.2025 (date of termination) RM	30.06.2024 RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bank balance Amount due from Manager	5	1,717 672	1,777,889 21,640
TOTAL ASSETS		2,389	1,799,529
LIABILITIES			
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Distribution payable Withholding tax payable		34 10 - 345	443 126 213 2,204
TOTAL LIABILITIES		389	2,986
NET ASSET VALUE		2,000	1,796,543
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Unitholders' capital		2,000	1,796,543
		2,000	1,796,543
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	6	2,000	1,796,543
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (EX-DISTRIBUTION)		1.000	1.0000

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JULY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2025 (DATE OF TERMINATION)

	<u>Note</u>	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u> RM	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions		117,743	833,677
EXPENSES			
Management fee Trustee's fee Withholding tax Other expenses	7 8	(2,745) (785) (28,093) (719) ————————————————————————————————————	(16,627) (4,751) (199,085) (1,309) ————————————————————————————————————
Profit before taxation		85,401	611,905
Taxation	10		
Profit after taxation and total comprehensive income for the financial period/year		85,401	611,905
Profit after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount		85,401	611,905

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JULY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2025 (DATE OF TERMINATION)

	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Retained <u>earnings</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 July 2024	1,796,543	-	1,796,543
Movement in net asset value: Total comprehensive income			
for the financial period Creation of units arising	-	85,401	85,401
from distributions Creation of units arising	86,285	-	86,285
from applications	198,851,000	_	198,851,000
Cancellation of units	(200,731,828)	_	(200,731,828)
Distributions (Note 11)	(200,731,020)	(85,401)	(85,401)
Distributions (1/06 11)			
Balance as at 30 June 2025 (date of termination)	2,000	-	2,000
Balance as at 1 July 2023	17,569,205	_	17,569,205
Movement in net asset value: Total comprehensive income			
for the financial year	-	611,905	611,905
Creation of units arising from distributions	611,692	-	611,692
Creation of units arising			
from applications	351,120,000	-	351,120,000
Cancellation of units	(367,504,354)	-	(367,504,354)
Distributions (Note 11)		(611,905)	(611,905)
Balance as at 30 June 2024	1,796,543	-	1,796,543

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JULY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2025 (DATE OF TERMINATION)

	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u> RM	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Placement of Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions Proceeds from maturity of Shariah-compliant deposits	(312,248,693)	(695,649,958)
with licensed Islamic financial institutions Profit income received from Shariah-compliant deposits	314,025,832	711,414,221
with licensed Islamic financial institutions Management fee paid Trustee's fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Withholding tax paid	118,493 (3,153) (901) (719) (29,952)	841,698 (17,709) (4,821) (1,309) (204,167)
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,860,907	16,377,955
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash proceeds from units created Payment for cancellation of units Payment for income distribution	198,851,670 (200,731,828) (672)	351,120,000 (367,504,354)
Net cash used in from financing activities	(1,880,830)	(16,384,354)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(19,923)	(6,399)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period/year	21,640	28,039
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period/year	1,717	21,640
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Bank balance	1,717	21,640

NOTES TO THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (DATE TERMINATION)

1 THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund (hereinafter referred to as "the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 18 September 2020 as amended via its First Supplemental Deed dated 29 March 2023 between Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd ("the Manager") and Maybank Trustees Berhad ("the Trustee"). The Fund is governed by the Deed dated 18 September 2020 as amended via its First Supplemental Deed dated 29 March 2023 (collectively referred to as "the Deed").

The Fund was launched on 12 October 2020 and has been terminated on 30 June 2025 as provided under Clause 12 of the Deed.

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest in 'Permitted Investments' as defined under The Seventh Schedule of the Deed, which comprises placement in Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions, Islamic money market instruments and any other form of Shariah-compliant investments as may be approved by the relevant authorities from time to time and acceptable under the Shariah principles.

The Fund's activities shall be conducted strictly in accordance with the requirement of the Shariah principles and shall be monitored by the Shariah Adviser of the Fund.

All investments are subjected to the Securities Commission Malaysia's ("SC") Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, SC requirements, the Deed and Prospectus, except where exemptions or variations have been approved by the SC, internal policies and procedures and objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to generate regular income for unitholders.

The Manager, a company incorporated in Malaysia, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad. Its principal activity is the provision of Islamic fund management services.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 25 August 2025.

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

2.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period.

It also requires the Manager to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and assumptions are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

2.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

The Fund was launched on 12 October 2020 and has been terminated on 30 June 2025 as provided under Clause 12 of the Deed. As such, the going concern assumption can no longer be used for the preparation of financial statements. The financial statements have therefore been prepared using a non-going concern basis of accounting.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 2.10.

- (a) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2024
 - Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant).

The adoption of the above accounting standard, annual improvement and improvement does not give rise to any material financial impact to the Fund.

- (b) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2024 and have not been early adopted
 - Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 'Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments' (effective 1 January 2026)
 - MFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements' (effective 1 January 2027) replaces MFRS 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'.

2.2 Financial assets

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions.

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions are solely payment of principal and profit ("SPPP"). However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies bank balance and amount due from Manager as financial assets at amortised cost as this financial asset is held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

2.2 Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at fair value. Due to short-term nature of the Islamic deposits, the cost plus accrued profit calculated based on the effective profit rate method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective Islamic deposits is the reasonable estimate of fair value.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit-impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to payment the amount.

The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial period/year.

2.3 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

A financial liability is de-recognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

The Fund's financial liabilities which include accrued management fee, amount due to Trustee and income distribution payable are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

2.4 Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

2.5 Unitholders' capital

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria of the definition of puttable instruments to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net assets value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
 - there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
 - the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period/year if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

2.6 Income recognition

Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective profit method.

Profit income is calculated by applying the effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective profit rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial assets (after deduction of the loss allowance).

2.7 Taxation

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws and includes all taxes based upon the taxable income earned during the financial period/year.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balance that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Presentation and functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

2.10 Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Funds' results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgment are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In undertaking any of the Fund's Shariah-compliant investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under Management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with SC Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks, which include market risk (including profit rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Prospectus and SC Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Market risk

Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's investments and its return will fluctuate because of changes in market profit rates.

Profit rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund. The Fund's exposure to the fair value profit rate risk arises from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions. The profit rate risk is expected to be minimal as the Fund's investments comprise mainly short-term deposits with approved licensed Islamic financial institutions. The Manager overcomes the exposure by way of maintaining deposits with fixed profit rates and maturity on short-term basis.

As at the end of each financial period, the Fund is not exposed to a material level of profit rate risk as the deposits are held on a short-term basis.

The Fund is not exposed to cash flow profit rate risk as the Fund does not hold any financial instruments at variable profit rate.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of an instrument will not be able to make timely payments of profit or principal payment on the maturity date. This may lead to a default in the payment of principal and profit and ultimately a reduction in the value of the Fund.

In the case of the Fund, the Manager will endeavour to minimise this risk by selecting only licensed Islamic financial institutions having a minimum credit rating of A3 as rated by RAM or A- as rated by MARC or other equivalent rating by any other similar rating agencies.

Financial

The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations of the Fund:

	assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Bank <u>balance</u> RM	Amount due from <u>Manager</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
30.06.2025 (date of termination) Financial institutions: - AAA	-	1,717	-	1,717
Other: - Not Rated	-	- 1,717	672 672	672 2,389
30.06.2024 Financial institutions: - AAA - AA1 - A1 - A2	1,105,806 113,108 287,440 271,535 1,777,889	21,640 - - - - 21,640	- - - -	1,127,446 113,108 287,440 271,535 1,799,529

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of Shariah-based liquid assets to meet anticipated payment and cancellations of unit by unitholders. Shariah-based liquid assets comprise cash, short-term Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month RM
As at 30.06.2025 (date of termination) Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee	34 10
	44

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

	Less than 1 month RM
As at 30.06.2024	
Accrued management fee	443
Amount due to Trustee	126
Distribution payable	213
	782

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital of RM2,000 (2024: RM1,796,543). The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

4 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets traded in active market (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial period end date.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each financial period date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised financial instruments such as options, currency swaps and other over-the-counter derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted equity, debt securities and other debt instruments for which market were or have been inactive during the financial period. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

4 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

The fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions:

- (i) For bank balance, deposits and placements with licensed Islamic financial institutions with maturities less than 1 year, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to their short-term nature.
- (ii) The carrying value less impairment of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Fair value hierarchy

The Fund adopts MFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" in respect of disclosures about the degree of reliability of fair value measurement. This requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	<u>Total</u> RM
30.06.2025 (date of termination) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions		-		
30.06.2024 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions		1,777,889	<u> </u>	1,777,889

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note 2.2.

4 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

At the end of the financial period/year

6

The Fund has no other financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as at 30 June 2025 (date of termination).

5 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	30.06.2025 (date of termination) RM	30.06.2024 RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions*	-	1,777,889
* Included within the Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic fit amounting to Nil (2024: RM750).	nancial institutions i	s profit receivable
	30.06.2025 (date of termination)	30.06.2024
Weighted average rate of return		2.99%
Average days to maturity		3 days
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION		
	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u> Units	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024 Units
At the beginning of the financial period/year Creation of units arising from applications	1,796,543	17,569,205
during the financial period/year Creation of units arising from distributions	198,851,000	351,120,000
during the financial period/year Cancellation of units during the financial period/year	86,285 (200,731,828)	611,692 (367,504,354)

1,796,543

2,000

7 MANAGEMENT FEE

Clause 13.1 of the Deed provides that the Manager shall be entitled to a fee at a rate agreed between the Manager and the Trustee, and the rate shall not exceed 1.65% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The management fee provided in the financial statements is 0.07% (2024: 0.07%) per annum based on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial period/year.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amount recognised above.

8 TRUSTEE'S FEE

Clause 13.2 of the Deed provides that the Trustee shall be entitled to a fee at a rate agreed between the Manager and the Trustee, and the rate shall not exceed 0.02% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The Trustee's fee provided in the financial statements is 0.02% (2024: 0.02%) per annum based on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial period/year.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee's fee other than the amount recognised above.

9 AUDIT FEE AND TAX AGENT'S FEE

Audit fee and tax agent's fee of the Fund for the current and previous financial years are borne by the Manager of the Fund.

10 TAXATION

(a) Tax charge for the financial period/year

	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025	
	(date of	01.07.2023
	<u>termination)</u>	to 30.06.2024
	RM	RM
Current taxation	-	-

(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense

The numerical reconciliation between the profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory income tax rate and the tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u> RM	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024 RM
Profit before taxation	<u>85,401</u>	611,905
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 24% (2024: 24%)	20,496	146,857

10 TAXATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense (continued)

The numerical reconciliation between the profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory income tax rate and the tax expense of the Fund is as follows: (continued)

	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u> RM	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024 RM
Tax effects of:		
- Income not subject to tax	(28,258)	(200,082)
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	7,103	49,235
- Restriction on tax deductible expenses	659	3,990
Tax expense		

11 DISTRIBUTIONS

Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:

	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u> RM	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024 RM
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	117,743	833,677
Less: Expenses Withholding tax	(4,249) (28,093)	(22,687) (199,085)
	85,401	611,905

		to 30.06.2025 f termination)	01.07.2023	to 30.06.2024
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Distributions during the financial period/	_			
<u>year</u>	sen per unit	sen per unit	sen per unit	sen per unit
31 July 2024 / 31 July 2023	0.2605	0.1964	0.2628	0.1981
30 August 2024 / 30 August 2023	0.2378	0.1794	0.2569	0.1938
30 September 2024 / 29 September 2023	0.2461	0.1855	0.2718	0.2052
30 October 2024 / 31 October 2023	0.2391	0.1803	0.2882	0.2173
29 November 2024 / 30 November 2023	0.2403	0.1812	0.2802	0.2108
31 December 2024 / 29 December 2023	0.2575	0.1941	0.2854	0.2155
31 January 2025 / 31 January 2024	0.2469	0.1862	0.3370	0.2545
28 February 2025 / 29 February 2024	0.2252	0.1698	0.2871	0.2168
28 March 2025 / 29 March 2024	0.2252	0.1698	0.2552	0.1926
30 April 2025 / 30 April 2024	0.2572	0.1939	0.2629	0.1983
30 May 2025 / 31 May 2024	0.2252	0.1697	0.2419	0.1824
30 June 2025 / 28 June 2024	0.1893	0.1427	0.2204	0.1661
	2.8503	2.1490	3.2498	2.4514

11 DISTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses, while net distribution is derived using total income less total expenses and taxation.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and withholding tax divided by the number of units in circulation. Distributions are made from current year's realised gains.

Distributions were automatically reinvested into the Fund (by issuing additional units) based on the net asset value per unit on the distribution date, unless the unitholders specifically request for cash distribution.

12 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	01.07.2024	
	to 30.06.2025	
	(date of	01.07.2023
	<u>termination)</u>	to 30.06.2024
	%	%
TER	0.11	0.10

The TER is the ratio of total fee and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average net asset value.

13 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u>	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024
The PTR for the financial period/year (times)	79.85	29.70
1 ,		

The PTR is the ratio of the average placements and deposits of the Fund during the financial period/year to the average net asset value of the Fund.

14 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	Relationship
Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd	The Manager
Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad	Holding company of the Manager

14 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

The number of units held by the Manager is as follows:

	(date o	30.06.2025 (date of termination)		30.06.2024
	Units	RM	Units	RM
The Manager	2,000	2,000	725,772	725,772

The units are held beneficially by the Manager for booking purposes and were transacted at the prevailing market price.

Other than the above, there were no units held by Directors or parties related to the Manager as at the end of the financial year.

Significant related party transaction during the financial period/year is as follows:

Significant related party transactions	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025 (date of <u>termination)</u> RM	01.07.2023 to 30.06.2024 RM
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed		
Islamic financial institution:		
- Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad	11,535	21,916
	01.07.2024 to 30.06.2025	
	(date of	01.07.2023
	termination)	to 30.06.2024
Significant related party balance		
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institution:		071 505
- Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad	-	271,535

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, there were no other significant related party balances as at the end of the financial year.

15 TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions by the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2025 are as follows:

<u>Financial institutions</u>	Value of placements RM	Percentage of total placements %
Maybank Islamic Berhad	60,981,000	19.52
Al Rahji Bank	27,298,250	8.74
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	26,126,510	8.37
Kuwait Finance House (Malaysia) Berhad	23,593,250	7.56
AmBank Islamic Berhad	23,531,500	7.54
Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad	23,466,000	7.52
Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad #	22,986,411	7.36
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	22,257,740	7.13
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	19,613,794	6.28
Malaysia Building Society Berhad	19,502,000	6.25
Others	42,892,238	13.73
	312,248,693	100.00

[#] Included in transactions by the Fund are trades with Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad, holding company of the Manager amounting to RM22,986,411. The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the related company have been entered into at agreed terms between the related parties.

Details of transactions by the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 are as follows:

Financial institutions	Value of <u>placements</u> RM	Percentage of total placements %
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	128,398,748	18.46
Maybank Islamic Berhad	112,520,000	16.17
MBSB Bank Berhad	66,623,717	9.58
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	57,694,992	8.29
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	55,956,550	8.04
Alliance Islamic Bank Berhad	50,535,313	7.26
Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad	49,570,441	7.13
AmBank Islamic Berhad	46,335,730	6.66
Kuwait Finance House (Malaysia) Berhad	41,525,478	5.97
Al Rajhi Bank	34,602,297	4.97
Others *	51,886,692	7.47
	695,649,958	100.00

^{*} Included in transactions by the Fund are trades with Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad, holding company of the Manager amounting to RM11,286,257. The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the related company have been entered into at agreed terms between the related parties.

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

We, Md Khairuddin bin Hj Arshad, the Director and Khadijah Sairah binti Ibrahim, the Director and Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer of Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd ("the Manager"), do hereby state that in the opinion of the Directors of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 12 to 29 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2025 (date of termination) and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial period from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 (date of termination) in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager, Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd

MD KHAIRUDDIN BIN HJ ARSHAD DIRECTOR

KHADIJAH SAIRAH BINTI IBRAHIM EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR / CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 25 August 2025



Maybank Trustees Berhad (196301000109)

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Facsimile +603 2070 9387 www.maybank2u.com.my

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

To the unit holders of MUAMALAT INVEST I-INSTITUTIONAL MONEY MARKET FUND ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 (date of termination) and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Maybank Trustees Berhad

[Registration No.: 196301000109 (5004-P)]

NORHAZLIANA BINTI MOHAMMED HASHIM

Head, Unit Trust & Corporate Operations

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

2 5 AUG 2025

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

To the unitholders of MUAMALAT INVEST I-INSTITUTIONAL MONEY MARKET FUND ("Fund"),

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd has
 operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance
 with the Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or
 decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

Dr. Yusri Mohamad

Chairman of Shariah Committee for Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

25 August 2025

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2025 (date of termination) and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial period from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 (date of termination) in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the financial period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 1 to 18.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to Note 2.1 on basis of preparation of the financial statements, which states that the Fund has been terminated on 30 June 2025 (date of termination). These financial statements have therefore been prepared using a non-going concern basis of accounting. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 25 August 2025