



**MUAMALAT INVEST I-INSTITUTIONAL
MONEY MARKET FUND
(The “Fund”)**

INTERIM REPORT 2021

**Incorporating the Unaudited
Financial Statements**

For the six months financial period ended 31 December 2021

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd

REGISTERED OFFICE

30th Floor, Menara Bumiputra, No.21, Jalan Melaka, 50100 Kuala Lumpur

BUSINESS OFFICE AND OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR

4th Floor, Menara Bumiputra, No.21, Jalan Melaka, 50100 Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 03 – 2615 8175 Fax: 03 – 2070 0157

Email: misb@muamalat.com.my

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Khairul bin Kamarudin (Chairman)

Dato' Adnan bin Alias

Fakihah binti Azahari

Mohd Faruk bin Abdul Karim (Executive Director)

SHARIAH ADVISER

Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

COMPANY SECRETARY

Julaida Binti Jufri (LS 0009358)

TRUSTEE

Maybank Trustees Berhad [196301000109 (5004-P)]

8th Floor, Menara Maybank

100 Jalan Tun Perak

50050 Kuala Lumpur

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT

10th Floor, 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat

KL Sentral, 50706 Kuala Lumpur

TAX ADVISER

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd

10th Floor, 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat

KL Sentral, 50706 Kuala Lumpur

FUND INFORMATION

Period of Trust	: Subject to provisions of the Deed
Fund Category	: Islamic Money Market Fund
Fund Type	: Income
Relevant Benchmark	: The 1-month Maybank Islamic Fixed Deposit-i (IFD-i)
Distribution Policy	: Subject to the availability of realised income received from the investment, the Fund will distribute income at least once a month.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, STRATEGY AND POLICY

Investment Objective

The Fund aims to generate regular income* for unitholders.

* Income can be distributed either in the form of cash or units.

Investment Strategy and Policy

The investment policy of the Fund is to invest up to 100% of its Net Asset Value (NAV) in liquid and low risk Ringgit denominated Islamic deposits and Islamic money market instruments issued by financial institutions.

The minimum credit rating for financial institutions in relation to Islamic deposits and Islamic money market instruments shall be “A3” by RAM Rating Services Berhad (“RAM”) or “A-” by Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad (“MARC”) or other equivalent rating by any other similar rating agencies. The minimum credit rating for investments in Islamic money market instruments shall be “P3” by RAM Ratings or “MARC-3” by MARC or other equivalent rating by any other similar rating agencies.

The Islamic money market instruments may include short term Islamic investment accounts; short term Islamic negotiable instruments; short term Islamic repurchase agreement; and short term Islamic commercial papers.

The Fund will be actively managed to provide liquidity to meet any short-term cash flow requirements.

MANAGER'S OVERVIEW

We are pleased to present to you the Interim Report of Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund (“the Fund”) incorporating the Unaudited Financial Statements for the six months financial period ended 31 December 2021.

During the financial period under review, the Fund generated a total return of 0.89%* compared to the benchmark return of 0.75%*. Hence, the Fund outperformed the benchmark by 0.14%. The Fund's outperformance was achieved through consistent review of rates across the portfolio.

Total distribution of the Fund during the financial period under review amounted to RM20,510,079. Income was calculated daily and paid at least once a month, depending on the level of income (if any) the Fund generated.

* Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd

MANAGER'S REPORT

Fund Performance Review

During the financial period under review, the Fund generated a total return of 0.89%* compared to the benchmark return of 0.75%*. Hence, the Fund outperformed the benchmark by 0.14%. The Fund's outperformance was achieved through consistent review of rates across the portfolio.

For the financial period under review, the Fund has met its investment objective by providing liquidity and regular income for investors through investments primarily in the Islamic money market.

The total units in circulation as at 31 December 2021 are 1,114,040,055 and NAV attributable to unitholders is RM1.0000 per unit.

* Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd

Asset Allocation

The Fund's holdings are shown below:-

Asset Class	31 December 2021	30 June 2021
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	99.95%	99.93%
Liquid assets and other net current assets	0.05%	0.07%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

The asset allocation reflects the Fund's strategy to have maximum exposure to the investments.

Strategies and Policies

This Fund aims to provide investors with a regular income stream and high level of liquidity to meet cash flow requirements while maintaining capital preservation.

For the financial period under review as at end of December 2021, the Fund had outperformed its benchmark by approximately 14 basis points. The Fund is fully invested in short-term Islamic money market. The Fund also had fulfilled its objective in providing steady income and capital preservation.

The strategy adopted by the Fund for the financial period under review is in line with the investment strategy of the Fund.

Market Review

For the period under review, the Money Market rates for overnight were offered at 1.60-1.70% per annum whereas the 1-month rates were offered within 1.80% - 1.95% per annum. The 3-month to 6-month rates were offered at 1.85% - 2.10% per annum. The 12-month rate was offered at 2.00% - 2.15% per annum.

Market Outlook

The global economy continued to recover in the fourth quarter of 2021. Services activity initially improved as advanced economies reopened. However, towards the end of the quarter, the recovery momentum was affected by measures to contain a resurgence in COVID-19 infections in some countries. The resurgence also dampened consumer confidence, further affecting services activity.

Strength in manufacturing and trade activity continued, amid early signs of easing in global supply disruptions. Nonetheless, strains in the global supply chain remained elevated.

Growth for the US economy improved to 5.5% (3Q 2021: 4.9%), supported by a broad-based improvement in private consumption. This was underpinned by solid wage growth and employment conditions. Exports rebounded, driven by tourist arrivals as international borders reopened and the resumption in production of petrochemical goods which was disrupted by Hurricane Ida. Inflation increased during the quarter as demand conditions improved and commodity prices remained elevated.

In the euro area, the economy grew by 4.6% (3Q 2021: 3.9%), supported by continued normalisation in the services sector as economies fully reopened at the beginning of the quarter. However, the re-tightening of containment measures in response to a rise in COVID-19 cases in November and December dampened mobility and the strength of the recovery. Manufacturing activity continued to be supported by external demand.

In China, growth moderated to 4% (3Q 2021: 4.9%). This was supported by improvements in manufacturing activity, as disruptions from power outages eased following a ramp-up in coal production. External demand continued to support strong exports growth. However, growth was weighed by services activity due to the re-imposition of localised lockdowns to contain COVID-19 outbreaks. Growth was also dampened by continued weakness in fixed investments, particularly in infrastructure and real estate.

Brent crude oil prices rose to an average of USD80 per barrel during the quarter (3Q 2021 average: USD73 per barrel). Global oil demand continued to recover despite concerns stemming from the emergence of the Omicron variant by the end of November 2021. Oil prices were also supported by the ongoing OPEC+ production cuts, notwithstanding the announcement by the US to release up to 50 million barrels of oil from its strategic petroleum reserves.

The Malaysian economy registered a positive growth of 3.6% in the fourth quarter of 2021 (3Q 2021: -4.5%). Growth was supported mainly by improved domestic demand as economic activity normalised following the easing of containment measures under the National Recovery Plan (NRP). The improvement also reflected a recovery in the labour market and continued policy support. In addition, strong external demand amid the continued upcycle in global technology provided a further lift to growth. On the supply side, all economic sectors recorded improvements in growth, led by the services and manufacturing sectors. On the demand side, growth was driven by higher consumption and trade activity. On a quarter-on-quarter seasonally adjusted basis, the economy registered an increase of 6.6% (3Q 2021: -3.6%).

Domestic demand grew by 2.3% (3Q 2021: -4.1%) in the fourth quarter of 2021. This was driven by the improvement in private sector expenditure following the loosening of restrictions. On the external front, net exports expanded by 2.6% (3Q 2021: -37.5%) due to higher export growth amid strong external demand.

Headline inflation, as measured by the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), increased to 3.2% during the quarter (3Q 2021: 2.2%). The higher inflation during the quarter was due mainly to the normalisation in electricity prices following the lapse in the three-month electricity bill discount implemented in July 2021. In addition, higher prices for some core and price-volatile items further contributed to the increase. The higher inflation for these items reflected improved demand conditions amid an environment of elevated costs.

The labour market resumed its recovery trajectory in the fourth quarter of 2021, amid the normalisation of economic activity and recovery in demand conditions. The unemployment rate declined further to 4.3% (3Q 2021: 4.7%). This was driven by a stronger recovery in employment (+166 thousand persons), alongside an encouraging expansion of the labour force (+114 thousand persons). The labour force participation rate increased to 68.7% of the working age population (3Q 2021: 68.3%). The underemployment rate also improved (1.8% of labour force; 3Q 2021: 2.0%) while

the population outside the labour force declined to 7.36 million persons (3Q 2021: 7.43 million persons).

The financial account recorded a net outflow of RM2.2 billion (3Q 2021: +RM22.8 billion), as the outflows in the other investment account more than offset the inflows in the direct and portfolio investment accounts. The direct investment account continued to record net inflows of RM9.7 billion (3Q 2021: +RM17.6 billion), underpinned mainly by larger net inflows in foreign direct investment (FDI) of RM24.7 billion (3Q 2021: +RM12.8 billion). This was driven by higher reinvestment of earnings (+RM14.4 billion; 3Q 2021: +RM9.1 billion) as well as inflows from debt instruments (+RM6.8 billion; 3Q 2021: -RM2.6 billion). The net FDI inflows were mainly channelled into the manufacturing and mining sectors as well as the financial services subsector. Direct investment abroad (DIA) turned around to record net outflows of RM15.0 billion in the fourth quarter (3Q 2021: +RM4.7 billion). These investments abroad were primarily channelled into the financial services subsector.

Malaysia's external debt amounted to RM1,070.3 billion, or 69.3% of GDP as at end-December 2021 (end-September 2021: RM1,057 billion or 70.5% of GDP). The increase primarily reflects higher NR holdings of Government domestic debt securities as well as trade credits and intragroup loans. These were partially offset by exchange rate valuation effects following the stronger ringgit against selected regional and major currencies during the quarter.

The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) maintained the OPR at 1.75% at the November 2021 and January 2022 MPC meetings, considering the current stance of monetary policy to be appropriate and accommodative. The monetary policy stance will continue to be determined by new data and their implications on the overall outlook for inflation and domestic growth.

The international reserves of Bank Negara Malaysia amounted to USD116.3 billion as at 15 December 2021. The reserves position is sufficient to finance 7.9 months of retained imports and is 1.2 times total short-term external debt.

(Source: MARC, Bank Negara Malaysia)

PORTFOLIO STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2021, the Fund has invested circa 99.95% in Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and the balance in liquid assets and other net current assets.

The Fund’s asset allocations are shown below:-

Asset Class	31 December 2021	30 June 2021
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	99.95%	99.93%
Liquid assets and other net current assets	0.05%	0.07%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

The asset allocation reflects the Fund’s strategy to have maximum exposure to the investments.

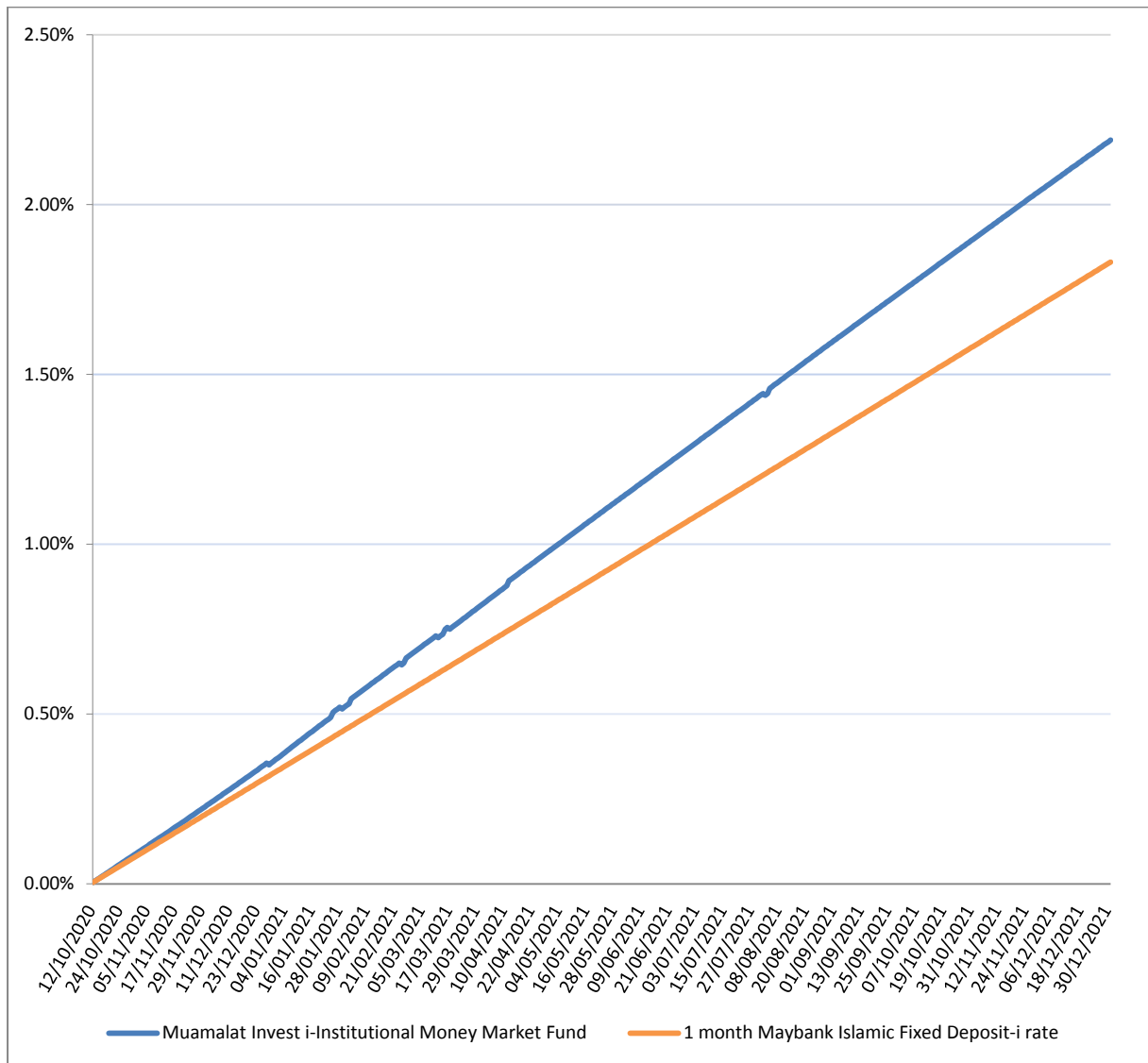
PERFORMANCE OF FUND AND BENCHMARK

	Average Annual Return	
	Since Inception (12.10.2020[^]- 31.12.2021)	1 Year (01.01.2021- 31.12.2021)
Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund		
- Capital Return	-	-
- Income Return	1.79%	1.82%
Total Return	1.79%	1.82%
Maybank 1-month IFD-i Rate	1.50%	1.50%

	Total Return	
	2021 (12.10.2020[^]- 30.06.2021)	Period-to-date (01.07.2021- 31.12.2021)
Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund	1.28%	0.89%
Maybank 1-month IFD-i Rate	1.07%	0.75%

[^] Date of inception

Cumulative Performance Since Inception



* Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd (“Novagni”)

The abovementioned performance figures are indicative returns based on daily Net Asset Value of a unit (as per Novagni Database) since inception.

The calculation of the above returns is based on computation methods of Novagni.

Note : Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

The abovementioned performance computations have been adjusted to reflect distribution payments and unit splits wherever applicable.

Fund Size	As at	As at 30 June
	31.12.2021	2021
Net Asset Value (RM)*	1,114,040,055	1,897,481,951
Units In Circulation*	1,114,040,055	1,897,481,951
Net Asset Value per unit (RM)*	1.0000	1.0000

Historical Data	01.07.2021-	Financial Period Ended 30 June
	31.12.2021	2021
Unit Prices		
NAV Price - Highest (RM)*	1.0000	1.0000
- Lowest (RM)*	1.0000	1.0000
Distribution and Unit Split		
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1470	0.0762
Distribution Date	29 July 2021	28 October 2020
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1434	0.1365
Distribution Date	27 August 2021	27 November 2020
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1596	0.1572
Distribution Date	29 September 2021	30 December 2020
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1398	0.1438
Distribution Date	28 October 2021	27 January 2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1535	0.1442
Distribution Date	29 November 2021	25 February 2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000

* The figures quoted are ex-distribution

Historical Data	01.07.2021- 31.12.2021	Financial Period Ended 30 June 2021
	Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	0.1513
Distribution Date	31 December 2021	30 March 2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	1.0000	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	1.0000	1.0000
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	-	0.1449
Distribution Date	-	28 April 2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	-	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	-	1.0000
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	-	0.1477
Distribution Date	-	28 May 2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	-	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	-	1.0000
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (sen)	-	0.1561
Distribution Date	-	29 June 2021
NAV before distribution (cum)	-	1.0000
NAV after distribution (ex)	-	1.0000
Unit Split	-	-
Others		
Management Expense Ratio (MER) (%)	0.05	0.06
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) (times)	12.47	15.15

DISTRIBUTION

For the financial period under review, the Fund has declared a total net distribution of 0.8946 sen per unit.

FUND SIZE AND PROFILE OF UNIT HOLDINGS BY SIZE

As at 31 December 2021, the Fund’s units in circulation stood at 1,114,040,055 units with a total of 20 accounts.

Size of Holdings	Account Holders		No. Of Units Held	
	No.	%	Units	%
5,000 and below	-	-	-	-
5,001 to 10,000	-	-	-	-
10,001 to 50,000	-	-	-	-
50,001 to 500,000	4	20.00	1,551,644	0.14
500,001 and above	16	80.00	1,112,488,411	99.86
Total	20	100.00	1,114,040,055	100.00

REBATES AND SOFT COMMISSION

Dealings on investments of the Fund through brokers or dealers will be on terms which are best available for the Fund. Any rebates from brokers or dealers will be directed to the account of the Fund.

The Fund Manager may only receive soft commission in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision-making process relating to the Fund’s investments.

During the financial period under review, no soft commission was received from brokers/dealers.

**UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>31.12.2021</u> RM	<u>30.06.2021</u> RM
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5	1,114,230,286	1,898,043,605
Bank balance		10,349	96,926
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>1,114,240,635</u>	<u>1,898,140,531</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accrued management fee		156,007	440,014
Amount due to Trustee		44,573	125,719
Income distribution payable		-	92,847
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>200,580</u>	<u>658,580</u>
NET ASSET VALUE		<u>1,114,040,055</u>	<u>1,897,481,951</u>
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Unitholders' capital		<u>1,114,040,055</u>	<u>1,897,481,951</u>
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	6	<u>1,114,040,055</u>	<u>1,897,481,951</u>
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (EX-DISTRIBUTION)		<u>1.0000</u>	<u>1.0000</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

**UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>01.07.2021 to 31.12.2021</u> RM
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions		21,557,608
EXPENSES		
Management fee	7	(814,694)
Trustee's fee	8	(232,770)
Other expenses		(65)
		<u>(1,047,529)</u>
Profit before taxation		20,510,079
Taxation	10	-
Profit after taxation and total comprehensive income for the financial period		<u>20,510,079</u>
Profit after taxation is made up of the following:		
Realised amount		<u>20,510,079</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

**UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Retained <u>earnings</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 July 2021	1,897,481,951	-	1,897,481,951
Movement in net asset value:			
Total comprehensive income for the financial period	-	20,510,079	20,510,079
Creation of units arising from distributions	20,602,926	-	20,602,926
Creation of units arising from applications	16,144,276,366	-	16,144,276,366
Cancellation of units	(16,948,321,188)	-	(16,948,321,188)
Distributions (Note 11)	-	(20,510,079)	(20,510,079)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	<u>1,114,040,055</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,114,040,055</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

**UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

	01.07.2021 to 31.12.2021 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Placement of Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	(28,386,859,587)
Proceeds from maturity of Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	29,169,402,095
Profit income received from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	22,828,419
Management fee paid	(1,098,701)
Trustee's fee paid	(313,916)
Payment for other fees and expenses	(65)
	803,958,245
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cash proceeds from units created	16,164,879,292
Payment for cancellation of units	(16,948,321,188)
Payment for income distributions	(20,602,926)
	(804,044,822)
Net cash used in financing activities	(86,577)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(86,577)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period	96,926
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period	10,349
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:	
Bank balance	10,349

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

1 THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund (hereinafter referred to as “the Fund”) was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 18 September 2020 between Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd (“the Manager”) and Maybank Trustees Berhad (“the Trustee”). The Fund is governed by the Deed dated 18 September 2020 (referred to as “the Deed”).

The Fund was launched on 12 October 2020 and will continue its operations until terminated as provided under Clause 12 of the Deed.

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest in ‘Permitted Investments’ as defined under The Seventh Schedule of the Deed, which comprises placement in Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions, Islamic money market instruments and any other form of Shariah-compliant investments as may be approved by the relevant authorities from time to time and acceptable under the Shariah principles.

The Fund’s activities shall be conducted strictly in accordance with the requirement of the Shariah principles and shall be monitored by the Shariah Adviser of the Fund.

All investments are subjected to the Securities Commission’s (“SC”) Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, SC requirements, the Deed and Prospectus, except where exemptions or variations have been approved by the SC, internal policies and procedures and objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to generate regular income for unitholders.

The Manager, a company incorporated in Malaysia, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad. Its principal activity is the provision of Islamic fund management services.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 25 February 2022.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (“MFRS”) and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period.

It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund’s accounting policies. Although these estimates and assumptions are based on the Manager’s best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 2.10.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

- (a) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2021

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2021 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (b) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2021 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2021, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

2.2 Financial assets

- (i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions.

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions are solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI"). However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies bank balance as a financial asset measured at amortised cost as this financial asset is held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

- (ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial period.

2.3 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

A financial liability is de-recognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

The Fund's financial liabilities which include accrued management fee and amount due to Trustee are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

2.5 Unitholders' capital

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria of the definition of puttable instruments to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net assets value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

2.6 Income recognition

Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective profit method.

Profit income is calculated by applying the effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective profit rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial assets (after deduction of the loss allowance).

2.7 Taxation

Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws and includes all taxes based upon the taxable income earned during financial period.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balance that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Presentation and functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.10 Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Funds' results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgment are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In undertaking any of the Fund's Shariah-compliant investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under Management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with SC Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks, which include market risk (including profit rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Prospectus and SC Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Market risk

- Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's investments and its return will fluctuate because of changes in market profit rates.

Profit rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund. The Fund's exposure to the fair value profit rate risk arises from deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions. The profit rate risk is expected to be minimal as the Fund's investments comprise mainly short term deposits with approved licensed Islamic financial institutions. The Manager overcomes the exposure by way of maintaining deposits with fixed profit rates and maturity on short term basis.

As at the end of each financial period, the Fund is not exposed to a material level of profit rate risk as the deposits are held on a short term basis.

The Fund is not exposed to cash flow profit rate risk as the Fund does not hold any financial instruments at variable profit rate.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of an instrument will not be able to make timely payments of profit or principal repayment on the maturity date. This may lead to a default in the payment of principal and profit and ultimately a reduction in the value of the Fund.

In the case of the Fund, the Manager will endeavour to minimise this risk by selecting only licensed Islamic financial institutions having a minimum credit rating of A3 as rated by RAM or A- as rated by MARC or other equivalent rating by any other similar rating agencies.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (continued)

The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations of the Fund:

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Bank balance RM	Total RM
<u>31.12.2021</u>			
Financial institutions:			
- AAA	289,768,772	10,349	289,779,121
- AA+	80,215,255	-	80,215,255
- AA2	203,432,140	-	203,432,140
- AA3	184,608,071	-	184,608,071
- A1	29,274,762	-	29,274,762
- A2	326,931,285	-	326,931,285
	<u>1,114,230,286</u>	<u>10,349</u>	<u>1,114,240,635</u>

30.06.2021

Financial institutions:

- AAA	710,243,436	96,926	710,340,362
- AA+	55,335,608	-	55,335,608
- AA2	260,392,631	-	260,392,631
- AA3	447,920,315	-	447,920,315
- A+	47,902,132	-	47,902,132
- A2	362,450,676	-	362,450,676
- A-	13,798,807	-	13,798,807
	<u>1,898,043,605</u>	<u>96,926</u>	<u>1,898,140,531</u>

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of Shariah-based liquid assets to meet anticipated payment and cancellations of unit by unitholders. Shariah-based liquid assets comprise cash, short term Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month RM
<u>31.12.2021</u>	
Accrued management fee	156,007
Amount due to Trustee	44,573
	<u>200,580</u>

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

	Less than <u>1 month</u> RM
<u>30.06.2021</u>	
Accrued management fee	440,014
Amount due to Trustee	125,719
Income distribution payable	92,847
	<hr/>
	658,580
	<hr/> <hr/>

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital of RM1,114,040,055 (30.06.2021: RM1,897,481,951). The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

4 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets traded in active market (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial period end date.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each financial period date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised financial instruments such as options, currency swaps and other over-the-counter derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted equity, debt securities and other debt instruments for which market were or have been inactive during the financial period. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions:

- (i) For bank balance, deposits and placements with licensed Islamic financial institutions with maturities less than 1 year, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to their short term nature.
- (ii) The carrying value less impairment of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

4 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy

The Fund adopts MFRS 13 “Fair Value Measurement” in respect of disclosures about the degree of reliability of fair value measurement. This requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes ‘observable’ requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund’s financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u> RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>31.12.2021</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	-	1,114,230,286	-	1,114,230,286
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>30.06.2021</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	-	1,898,043,605	-	1,898,043,605
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund’s policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note 2.2.

The Fund has no other financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2021 except Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions of which the carrying value approximates their fair value due to their short-term nature.

5 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>31.12.2021</u> RM	<u>30.06.2021</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions*	1,114,230,286	1,898,043,605

* Included within the Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions is profit receivable amounting to RM691,934 (30.06.2021: RM1,962,745).

	<u>31.12.2021</u>	<u>30.06.2021</u>
Weighted average rate of return	1.83%	1.88%
Average days to maturity	3 days	17 days

6 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	<u>01.07.2021</u> <u>to 31.12.2021</u> Units	Financial period from 12.10.2020 (date of launch) <u>to 30.06.2021</u> Units
At the beginning of the financial period/date of launch	1,897,481,951	-
Creation of units arising from applications during the financial period	16,144,276,366	11,888,018,717
Creation of units arising from distributions during the financial period	20,602,926	21,785,449
Cancellation of units during the financial period	(16,948,321,188)	(10,012,322,215)
At the end of the financial period	1,114,040,055	1,897,481,951

7 MANAGEMENT FEE

Clause 13.1 of the Deed provides that the Manager shall be entitled to a fee at a rate agreed between the Manager and the Trustee, and the rate shall not exceed 1.65% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The management fee provided in the financial statements is 0.07% (30.06.2021: 0.07%) per annum based on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial period.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amount recognised above.

8 TRUSTEE’S FEE

Clause 13.2 of the Deed provides that the Trustee shall be entitled to a fee at a rate agreed between the Manager and the Trustee, and the rate shall not exceed 0.02% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The Trustee’s fee provided in the financial statements is 0.02% (30.06.2021: 0.02%) per annum based on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial period.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee’s fee other than the amount recognised above.

9 AUDIT FEE AND TAX AGENT’S FEE

Audit fee and tax agent’s fee of the Fund for the previous financial period are borne by the Manager of the Fund.

10 TAXATION

(a) Tax charge for the financial period

	01.07.2021 to 31.12.2021 RM
Current taxation	- <hr style="border-top: 3px double black;"/>

(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense

The numerical reconciliation between the profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory income tax rate and the tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	01.07.2021 to 31.12.2021 RM
Profit before taxation	20,510,079 <hr style="border-top: 3px double black;"/>
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 24%	4,922,419
Tax effects of:	
- Income not subject to tax	(5,173,826)
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	55,880
- Restriction on tax deductible expenses	195,527
Tax expense	- <hr style="border-top: 3px double black;"/>

11 DISTRIBUTIONS

Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:

	<u>01.07.2021</u> <u>to 31.12.2021</u> RM
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institutions	21,557,608
Less: Expenses	<u>(1,047,529)</u>
	<u>20,510,079</u>
	<u>20,510,079</u>
	<u>Gross/Net</u> sen per unit
<u>Distributions during the financial period</u>	
29 July 2021	0.1470
27 August 2021	0.1434
29 September 2021	0.1596
28 October 2021	0.1398
29 November 2021	0.1535
31 December 2021	0.1513
	<u>0.8946</u>
	<u>0.8946</u>

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses, while net distribution is derived using total income less total expenses and taxation.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation. Distributions are made from current period's realised gains.

Distributions were automatically reinvested into the Fund (by issuing additional units) based on the NAV per unit on the distribution date, unless the unitholders specifically request for cash distribution.

12 MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO (“MER”)

**01.07.2021
to 31.12.2021
%**

MER 0.05

The MER is the ratio of total fee and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund’s average net asset value.

13 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO (“PTR”)

**01.07.2021
to 31.12.2021**

The PTR for the financial period (times) 12.47

The PTR is the ratio of the average placements and deposits of the Fund during the financial period to the average net asset value of the Fund.

14 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES, AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

<u>Related parties</u>	<u>Relationship</u>
Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd	The Manager
Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad	Holding company of the Manager

The number of units held by the Manager is as follows:

	<u>31.12.2021</u>		<u>30.06.2021</u>	
	Units	RM	Units	RM
The Manager	1,680,362	1,680,362	1,665,407	1,665,407

The units are held beneficially by the Manager for booking purposes and were transacted at the prevailing market price.

Other than the above, there were no units held by Directors or parties related to the Manager as at the end of the financial period.

14 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES AND SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Significant related party transaction during the financial period is as follows:

	01.07.2021 to 31.12.2021	
	RM	
<u>Significant related party transactions</u>		
Profit income from Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institution:		
- Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad	898,581	
	<u>31.12.2021</u>	<u>30.06.2021</u>
	RM	RM
<u>Significant related party balance</u>		
Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed Islamic financial institution:		
- Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad	140,172,181	20,234,766

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, there were no other significant related party balances as at the end of the financial period.

15 TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions by the Fund for the financial period ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

<u>Financial institutions</u>	<u>Value of placements</u> RM	<u>Percentage of total placements</u> %
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	5,730,309,776	20.19
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	4,493,076,707	15.83
MBSB Bank Berhad	2,829,478,519	9.97
AmBank Islamic Berhad	2,488,106,516	8.76
RHB Islamic Bank Berhad	2,405,454,093	8.47
Al Rajhi Banking & Investment Corporation (Malaysia) Berhad	2,276,185,713	8.02
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	1,971,289,881	6.94
Alliance Islamic Bank Berhad	1,315,937,111	4.64
Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad	1,296,961,400	4.57
Maybank Islamic Berhad	991,205,554	3.49
Others *	2,588,854,317	9.12
	<u>28,386,859,587</u>	<u>100.00</u>

* Included in transactions by the Fund are trades with Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad, holding company of the Manager amounting to RM560,008,965. The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the related company have been entered into at agreed terms between the related parties.

15 TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONTINUED)

Details of transactions by the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2021 are as follows:

<u>Financial institutions</u>	<u>Value of placements</u> RM	<u>Percentage of total placements</u> %
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	4,647,817,621	17.45
MBSB Bank Berhad	3,814,769,035	14.33
AmBank Islamic Berhad	3,265,911,335	12.26
RHB Islamic Bank Berhad	3,244,364,175	12.18
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	2,547,048,374	9.57
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	2,248,736,770	8.45
Alliance Islamic Bank Berhad	2,159,554,010	8.11
OCBC Al-Amin Bank Berhad	1,706,449,571	6.41
Maybank Islamic Berhad	1,436,425,641	5.39
Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad	822,728,938	3.09
Others *	734,484,207	2.76
	<u>26,628,289,677</u>	<u>100.00</u>

* Included in transactions by the Fund are trades with Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad, holding company of the Manager amounting to RM317,091,064. The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the related company have been entered into at agreed terms between the related parties.

16 COMPARATIVES

This is the Fund's first set of interim unaudited financial statements.

17 SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

The worsening of the macro-economic outlook as a result of Covid-19, both domestically and globally, has impacted the Fund's performance during the current and previous financial period.

The Manager is monitoring the situation closely and actively managing the portfolio to achieve the Fund's objective.

STATEMENT BY MANAGER

We, Dato' Adnan bin Alias and Mohd Faruk bin Abdul Karim, two of the Directors of Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd ("the Manager"), do hereby state that in the opinion of the Directors of the Manager, the accompanying unaudited financial statements set out on pages 13 to 30 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2021 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial period ended 31 December 2021 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

On behalf of the Manager

DATO' ADNAN BIN ALIAS
DIRECTOR

MOHD FARUK BIN ABDUL KARIM
DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur
25 February 2022

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF MUAMALAT INVEST I-INSTITUTIONAL MONEY MARKET FUND

We have acted as Trustee for Muamalat Invest i-Institutional Money Market Fund (“the Fund”) for the financial period ended 31 December 2021. To the best of our knowledge, Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd (“the Manager”) has managed the Fund in the financial period under review in accordance with the following:

1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Manager under the deed, securities laws and Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
2. Valuation and pricing of the Fund are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement; and
3. Creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

A total income distribution of 0.8946 sen per unit (gross) declared to the unitholders of the Fund for the financial period under review.

We are of the view that the distribution is consistent with the investment objective and distribution policy of the Fund.

For **Maybank Trustees Berhad**
[Company No.: 196301000109 (5004-P)]

JUANITA SUHAIMI
Unit Head, Unit Trust Operations

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
25 February 2022

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISER

To the unitholders of MUAMALAT INVEST I-INSTITUTIONAL MONEY MARKET FUND (“Fund”),

We hereby confirm the following:

1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
2. The asset of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

Azizi Che Seman
Chairman of Shariah Committee for Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad

25 February 2022